

The 2018 Q3 footprint consists of:

75% ground work

21% Civil construction

2% personal travel and <2% energy consumption

# SUSTAINABILITY at the RIJNLANDROUTE

The total emissions in 2018 Q3 were 5.095 ton CO<sub>2</sub>

This is the same amount as the **yearly** usage of 237 Dutch households, or flying back and forth to New York almost 6,000 times!

GOAL

To reduce our CO<sub>2</sub> footprint, we have set ourselves the following goals:

Reducing the emissions of the entire project (realisation phase) with 23%

Reducing the emissions during the exploitation phase with  $50^{\circ}/_{0}^{*}$ 

\*Both these goals compare the true emissions with the planning without reduction measures.

Read more about our initiatives and reduction measures on the next page. According to the original planning without reduction measures, the project would emit more than 190.000 ton CO<sub>2</sub>, that is the same as 8.850 households will use in that same period.

As you can see, the true emissions are a lot lower than the planning. This is caused by two reasons:

- activities differ from what was planned in DuboCalc
- 2. reduction measures.
  To make a true comparison, we also included the potential emissions if we'd have done the same

sions if we'd had one the same work without reduction measures.

9.000 8.000 7.000

5.000 4.000 3.000

1.000

Original Ianning CO<sub>2</sub> footprint 2018 Q3

Samen work

True emissions In 2018 Q3, the reduction is 32% due to the reduction measures! For the whole project until Q3 we have reduced 23%. So keep going and reduce where you can!

#### Let's talk about CO<sub>2</sub>!

Do you have any questions, ideas or comments, let us know via duurzaamheid @mobilis.nl

### **Solar Optic Fibre**

Around 50% of the electricity use of a tunnel, comes from the entrance lighting. This is caused by the bright light which needs to accommodate the eyes of the drivers coming from daylight. To reduce this, COMOL5 introduces the Solar Optic Fibre, which uses daylight from above the tunnel and transports it to the driveway through an optical fibre. This way, almost 25% less electricity is needed for the entire tunnel! De RijnlandRoute is the first project in which

this technique is used for a tunnel.

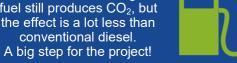


## CO<sub>2</sub> reducing fuel

experiment with KW3 and GoodFuels

Less CO<sub>2</sub> while using the same amount of fuel, that sounds like the dream. But no longer is it only a fantasy: COMOL5 has done an experiment on two hey cranes to test the innovative HVO (hydrotreated vegetable oil, or biodiesel). The results of this test has shown that the new diesel will lead

to a CO<sub>2</sub> reduction of nearly 18%! This means using the fuel still produces CO2, but the effect is a lot less than conventional diesel



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### **SUSTAINABILITY** at the RIJNLANDROUTE

### **Reduction measures**

COMOL5 has planned and executed many CO<sub>2</sub> reduction measures already. Two innovative ones can be found in separate boxes, a short overview of the others is given below. For more information, send us a message.

- Use of electric generators where possible
- Hotel accommodation when travel distance is too far
- Using more sustainable cement with less CEMI
- Using more sustainable asphalt
- Reusing sheet piling
- 100% green electricity (from Dutch wind)
- Using more sustainable noise barriers
- Using prefab in locations where it's beneficial to reduce transportation of people and specific testing materials

### Communication

COMOL5 wants to inform all parties better about the CO<sub>2</sub> policy. For that reason, we will improve this with lunch meetings and personal meetings throughout the organisation. Furthermore, the quarterly reports will be published sooner. These reports will also be published on the website.